The New-York Times.

VOL. XXII.....NO. 6628. NEW-YORK, MONDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1872. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Rejection of Petitions Asking to Dissolve the French Assembly.

Doom of the Jesuit Establishments in Italy Foreshadowed.

Bishop Nanczanowsky and the German Disciplinary Court.

Four Men Killed by the Explosion of a Saw-Mill Boiler.

Gen. Crook's Expedition Against the Hostile Apaches.

FRANCE.

Rejection of the Petitions for Dissolution—Conservatives in Control of the Assembly.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—The sitting of the Assembly was resumed at 2 o'clock last night. Minister Dufaure addressed the House in favor of opposing the petitions for dissolution. He spoke ironically of M. Gambetta, whose speeches he said, were the cause of the present needless agitation. Speeches followed from members of all the parties. The debate was one of the most violent and exciting which has taken place in the Assembly, and lasted until 7 o'clock this morning, when the Chamber by a vote of 490 to 165 rejected the petitions, and passed to the order of the day.

President Thiers was not present during the debate, either in the afternoon or evening.

Before adjourning, the Assembly adopted a resolution directing that M. Dufaure's speech be printed in all the communes of France. A similar resolution with regard to speeches of Radical Deputies was voted down.

Monarchists Rejoicing at the Course of Minister Dufaure.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—The monarchist journals are greatly pleased with the stand taken by Minister Dufaure. The radical Press maintain a tone of indifference, and declare that they will continue the agitation for dissolution.

The Assembly or M. Thiers Must Yield—The Country Supports the President.

LONDON, Dec. 16—5 A. M.—A Paris dispatch to the Times says it is more than ever evident that the majority of the Assembly is in direct opposition to President Thiers. One or the other must yield. The country supports the President.

ITALY.

The Religious Corporations Bill—Abolition of the Jesuit Establishments Proposed.

ROME, Dec. 15.—The Committee of the Chamber of Deputies, who have under consideration the Religious Corporations bill, at their sitting, yesterday, adopted a resolution declaring that the suppression of the Society of Jesus, including the chief establishment of the order in Rome, is imperatively demanded by the interests of the nation.

The announcement of this action was received by the Liberal Deputies with enthusiastic applause.

GERMANY.

The Army Bishop Nanczanowsky—Decision of the Disciplinary Court.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The Disciplinary Court, yesterday, decided that it was legally incompetent to try the case of Army Bishop Nanczanowsky, who was arraigned for inciting chaplains to disobey the orders of the Minister of War.

Prince Bismarck and the Prussian Upper House.

LONDON, Dec. 16—5 A. M.—A special dispatch from Berlin says Prince Bismarck is looking exceedingly well. He will, perhaps, remain at the head of the Prussian Cabinet if Ministers Selchen and Itzenplitz, who oppose the reconstruction of the Herrenhaus, resign.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Death of the Wife of Right Hon. Benjamin Disraeli.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Viscountess Beaconsfield, wife of Right Hon. Benjamin Disraeli, died at noon today.

LONDON, Dec. 16—3 A. M.—All the journals, this morning, express the warmest sympathy with Mr. Disraeli in his affliction.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.

The Colombian Independent Day—The Government's Missing Steamer—Disorders at Valparaiso—Peruvian Politics—Case of the Maria Luz.

PANAMA, Dec. 4.—The 35th of November, the anniversary of the independence of this republic, was observed with more than usual enthusiasm this year. The celebration commenced on the evening of the 37th, and continued till the morning of the 2d inst., during which time all business was interrupted. The business of the different steam-ship companies, and of the railroad, was much impeded for want of laborers, and merchants were put to great inconvenience in not being able either to receive or forward goods. The principal streets were given up to horse-racing and bull-fighting, and closed for all business purposes.

No news has yet been received here of the missing boat of the wrecked steam-ship Guatemala, and no hopes are entertained of its safety.

A circular has been issued by the Ministers of the Republics of Central America has been issued in Tegucigalpa, Honduras. The form of Government of the United States is proposed.

The coffee crop in Guatemala is expected to turn out well, and the yield this season is 250,000 qq. per quintal, delivery in bulk on the hacienda.

The volcano of Santa Ana, in the north of Salvador, has lately become active, and damage to coffee plantations is apprehended.

The crop of indigo is large, and prices rule very low.

Don La Encarnacion, who has been named for the position of railroad from the City of San Salvador to the port of La Libertad, has arrived at the capital with all the necessary materials for the undertaking. The work is to be commenced at the town of Santa Tecla, on the 8th of this month.

The Constitutional Convention adjourned on the 8th of November. The Legislature will meet on the 15th of next month.

CHILI.

VALPARAISO, Nov. 16.—A severe shock of earthquake was experienced at Valparaiso on the night of the 13th inst., but caused no serious damage.

The approaching elections throughout the Republic are unusually availed.

A bill has passed the Senate permitting the establishment of a new line of telegraph from Caldera to Loa, connecting with the intermediate ports. Rich gold mines have been discovered at Loa, in the north of Chili. The smallpox continues in Valparaiso, and forty-one cases are reported in the hospital.

A new line of steamers, called the "Cosmos," is about to be established between Valparaiso and London, touching at the ports called at by the steamers of other companies. The first vessel of the line is now on her way out. This is the third line of steamers between Europe and the west coast via the Straits of Magellan, which have been established within the past six months.

Work has been commenced on the railroad to connect the mines of Carbonlos with the port of Maghilones, on the boundary between Chili and Bolivia.

PERU.

LIMA, Nov. 16.—The Peruvian Congress is convened by the action of Congress. The body addressed yesterday, but will be again convened in extraordinary session on or about the 8th of December next, with the special object of finally considering the projects of reform and consolidation to be submitted by the President of the Republic, only those proposed by the Executive being considered in order. The matters of most importance to be laid before that body by Señor Prado, are those concerning the financial condition of the country, the laws to regulate the budget, the consolidation of the internal debt, toward providing a means of executing the floating obligations of the Government, the new system of taxation introduced in the present tariff, and the more grave question of the proposed Government monopoly of the exportation of nitrate. By judicious legislation on these points President Prado hopes that in a short time the present embarrassed state of the Treasury may be remedied, and prosperity restored to the country. A more secure basis for the nitrate industry, and a deputation has arrived at Lima from Europe to represent the mission to the President, and hence it is said, offered a million soles a year in consideration of the monopoly being set aside.

The action of the Japanese authorities in the matter of the coolie ship Maria Luz has created great excitement and indignation in Peru. The Iron clad Independencia will leave immediately for China and Japan, and the Corvette Union, now repairing in England, has been ordered to the same destination. The Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Courts of Yeddo and Pekin has been dispatched ample instructions on the points in question.

Small-pox is on the increase in Lima and Callao. Two cases of black vomit are reported in Lima.

Clark Palmer, of the American Sack Corps, was murdered by one of his sailors on the 16th inst., while on shore in the port of Mollendo. No cause is given for the murder. The Corps was brought to Callao by the first officer.

The steam-ship Republic, which left the port of Callao on the 1st inst., between Liverpool and the west coast, arrived out at Valparaiso the 3d inst., and at Callao on the 7th.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

A Saw-Mill Blown to Fragments—Four Men Killed and Three Wounded.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 15.—On Friday morning last the boiler in Wasey's saw-mill on Black River, Wayne County, Mo., exploded with terrible force. The mill was literally blown to pieces. Fragments of the boiler were thrown a great distance, and some of them were found nearly a quarter of a mile from the mill. What was left of the boiler was rolled out flat. Four of the employees were killed outright and seven others dangerously wounded. Their names are not yet ascertained. The blowing of the boiler fines with mud is supposed to have been the cause of the explosion.

THE HOSTILE INDIANS.

Gen. Crook's Expedition Fronting the Apaches.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15.—The latest advices from Prescott, Arizona, state that Gen. Crook is prosecuting the campaign vigorously against the hostile Apaches in the Northern part of the Territory. Five expeditions are operating in the mountains east of the River Verde. Gen. Crook was last heard from east of the Mogollon Mountains. During the campaign 40 Indians were killed, 200 captured, and many wounded. Their stores and provisions at several points were destroyed. Gen. Crook's policy is to follow the Indians constantly and hunt them down in every direction.

LOUISIANA.

A Detachment of the Committee of One Hundred Start for Washington.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Dec. 15.—The Citizens' Committee, to the number of thirty-seven, left, this afternoon, for Washington. A large crowd assembled at the depot to witness their departure.

Letters From Wormsley's Attorney-General to Attorney-General Williams.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The following letter from H. N. Ogden, Warmoth's Attorney-General, has just been made public:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14, 1872.

Hon. O. H. Williams, Attorney-General of the United States:

DEAR SIR: I beg leave to submit through you to the President the following points. The action of the Executive in recognizing the assemblage at McCranor Institute in New-Orleans as the Legislature of Louisiana and D. B. Pinchback as Governor was certainly premature. Pinchback was never Lieutenant-Governor of the State, and his term as a Senator expired under the Constitution of that State on the 4th of March last. The assemblage at McCranor Institute was notoriously returned and sealed by a Deputy United States Marshal under the order of an inferior Federal Court. This fact, as appears by the sworn returns, was certified by me in the Supreme Court of the United States, in the matter of *ex parte* Warmoth applying for a writ of prohibition. There are circumstances of which the Government might take notice.

Without discussing who was or who was not elected, I respectfully suggest that before the President undertook to settle the controversy, and pledge the faith of the Nation between Lawrence and the west, arrived out at Valparaiso the 3d inst., and at Callao on the 7th.

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FRENCH TROUBLES.

The Rule of the Executive and the Assembly.

The Role of President Thiers—The Story of Versailles—M. Batbie's Report—The Management of the Right—Parliamentary Logic—Ability—Facing M. the Monopolist.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PARIS, Friday, Nov. 29, 1872.

At the hour I write a very heavy storm of wind and rain is raging, and at Versailles the gross natural storm has burst upon the Assembly. At length the battle seems to have begun in earnest. The two forces are now in eager discussion, and from time to time a brief telegram arrives to inform us that no change is had, and to encourage us by saying that both parties yet stand firm. Neither will yield; neither will speak of such a thing as compromise. "As fourth," said the young Marquis de Castellane, whose father was a distinguished Marshal, and who hence feels bound to use military metaphors—"at length the battle has been regularly opened, and there must be a defeated party." The able young Raoul Duval, who as I write is vigorously mopping yonder, uses a less metaphor in the same sense. "Finally," said he last night, "the case is before the Court, and there is no hope of either party electing to be nonsuited." After much fencing, skirmishing and shifting of ground, the majority and M. Thiers have crossed swords, and they are at it beautifully as the hour I write.

GROUND OF THE PARTIES.

The ground of both parties has completely shifted since I last wrote. The struggle is no longer between parliamentarism and absolutism, but between M. Thiers and the Right, and a struggle for power. I do not know that I can offer a short summary of the proceedings, but I can write "at" it. The measure, it will be remembered, displeased the majority. M. de Kerdrel proposed a commission to see whether or not a reply to it was advisable, and, despite the opposition of the Government, the proposition was voted. A committee of fifteen was appointed, nine hostile to the message and six in favor of it. M. le Duc d'Audiffret-Pasquier was chosen President, Commission, M. Batbie, an eminent jurist and law professor, reporter, and Raoul Duval, Secretary. The Government fought for delay, and tried to negotiate, and there was a report that three of the nine had been negotiated out of the ranks of the majority. This was not correct. When M. Batbie's report was read it embraced the ministry reports urged by the original six. The report was a remarkably cleverly-written document, and the Academy might well be proud of such French as is there used. I speak now of style alone. It was limpid, bold, and courteous; it covered M. Thiers with roses, while firmly resisting his demands, and it quoted from his writings to prove the advantages of a parliamentary government. The conclusion was out of all proportion to the premises—or vice versa, perhaps—and consisted of an "article unique" of four or five lines. The conclusion was that a committee should be named for the purpose of organizing a system of responsible Ministry, or for preparing a law to that end. After reading the report a vote was taken which created interest. The Duke proposed to proceed at once on the morrow to the discussion; the Government asked for a delay until Thursday. Thursday had it by an actual majority of only eleven votes, and M. Thiers, buttoning his coat sharply up to his chin, rushed out saying, "*mais enfin!* one cannot govern the country with a majority like that."

INTIMIDATION OF THE RIGHT.

On Wednesday every means was used to intimidate the Right, and the organs of the Government contained some curious items. The *Bonnement*, for instance, had four, of which I give two as examples. In one it stated that, after reading his report, M. Batbie was joined by M. Ronher and the Bonapartists, and in the lobby was met by M. Piétri. There was great hand-shaking and congratulating, and so parting M. Batbie was heard to say to Piétri, "have no fears; you can count entirely upon my devotion." This was an appeal to the Bonapartist spectre. The second was an appeal to the Prussians, and stated that M. Gontaut-Biron had telegraphed from Berlin, in great trepidation, to announce that Prince Bismarck had just stated that if the projects of the Right were carried out, the Germans would at once occupy the Departments recently evacuated. That model Republican, Edmund About, goes still further. He stated that a demonstration was being organized in Paris to proceed against the Assembly, and that "blood would immediately flow in the streets of Paris" if these projects were carried. Others threatened an immediate outbreak of the Commune. The Right was not to be frightened, however, and the report was boldly brought before the Assembly. Yesterday was the day fixed for the discussion, and there was great excitement about it. Troops were marched into the city from the surrounding villages, and all night long regiments were marching through the streets. Ashamed of this show of force, or ashamed of the fact that the one hundred thousand men here were not enough to keep Paris in order, the papers published the very improbable tale that these troops were merely exercising in night manœuvres.

"PARLIAMENTARY RESPONSIBILITY."

When the question came up, yesterday, M. Dufaure made a very clever speech, and carried the question upon another ground. The Committee asked ministerial responsibility, he said, and there was no objection to it on the part of the Government, provided other things were granted with it. If the majority would make a law constituting the Republic, creating a Senate and providing for a Vice-President, the Government would make no opposition. If M. Dufaure had stopped there it is probable an arrangement might have been made, for the majority does not refuse to frame the above questions, but there is an abuse noise in M. Batbie's report which they mean to correct. It will be remembered that when the Ducs—and, by the way, I may remark that M. Rivet was burned yesterday when the so-called Rivet Conservation was adopted there was no fence which forbade M. Thiers to enter the tribune except on great occasions, and after service notified the Chamber in advance. The object was to make the President communicate by message. But this turned out to be one of those sets of Parliamentary through which Burke and a coach and six could be driven. All occasions were free to M. Thiers, and, as for notification, he simply announced his intention of taking part in the debate upon a certain question, and this covered a week or more. When he announced his intention of taking part in the debate upon the finances he assumed to have complied with the law. Although in the tribune every day or two for over a month. The Right saw that the law was evaded, and resolved to have a better understanding next time. That time has now come. M. Dufaure went on to say that as for Ministerial responsibility, it already existed, for neither he nor any of his colleagues would resign their portfolios if beat at an adverse vote. This insulted the Right, for it was another evasion. In fact it was nothing but a play with words, or a case of first-class humbug. M. Dufaure was simply mocking at the Assembly. One of the main things complained of in M. Batbie's report was the habit M. Thiers had of running into the Assembly to cover the responsibility of his Ministers. It is in this way he has been able, he says, and he knows it very well, to defeat votes which would have been frequent had the Ministers been alone concerned, but the moment it was seen that the Ministers would have a majority, M. Thiers took the responsibility, made the question one of Government, threatened to resign, to leave the country to its fate, and challenged the Right to fill his place. Understand, gentlemen, it is contrary to all parliamentary usage that there is Ministerial responsibility. The report said that the Deputies could not act freely when M. Thiers might come in at any moment to protect his Ministers, and to force them by menace to vote with the majority. After M. Dufaure had finished speaking, M. Batbie said that the discussion had taken an unexpected turn, and as the majority are disposed to any compromise in reason, he wished to consult his colleagues. The Commission met and the session was suspended for an hour. The time passed, and yet the work was not done. At the end of two hours, M. Thiers was called out by Raoul Duval. He stepped briskly up the aisle, looking toward the Left, and with great firmness upon his face in his accustomed way. Another hour passed and the Committee entered to report that it had resolved to stand by its report. It was then 7 o'clock. A night session was called for and voted by mistake, but a second vote sent the debate over to today.

FEELING IN THE HOUSE.

About 9 o'clock there was other intimation in the city, particularly along the boulevards and about the "little house" in the Passage de l'Opera. The funds had been falling rapidly, but now began to rise a little, the last rule on the adjournment being taken as an indication that matters could be arranged today. At 9 o'clock the rain ceased and the streets were crowded. There on four corners stood on every corner mounted guards were seen at intervals, and patrols of cavalry and infantry were in constant motion. At 10 o'clock the crowd grew restless. The *Soir* had not appeared, and there must be a reason for the delay. The *gendarmes* rattled quickly backward and forward, ordering groups to "circuler," and pushing those who were crowd of men discussing the topic of the day. At 11 o'clock the *Soir* appeared, and there was a rush for the kiosques, but great was the disappointment to find that it contained no more news than the other papers. Yet appeared it had, and that was all. Then, before midnight, the country was saved for another twenty-four hours, and the groups quietly dispersed. But on passing the Boulevard Haussmann, I encountered a regiment marching in from Arrondouil, and before reaching the station of another regiment was playing, audible coming from the same direction. The last words I heard spoken were: "Lucky for the Assembly that it is at Versailles; if it were at Paris there would be another invasion of the Chamber to-morrow," Dumbleton, but luckily the rain is falling in torrents today, and shows by its abatement the ardor of a crowd like a heavy fall of rain. It was the rain which saved the Hôtel de Ville the 31st of October.

A SHOCKING DEED.

Particulars of the Murder of Two Small Children by Their Father, in Ohio—His Extraordinary Confession of the Criminal.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

COLUMBIANA, Ohio, Dec. 13.

One of the most inhuman and brutal murders ever perpetrated in this part of the State was committed yesterday morning at 7 o'clock, about three miles south-east of this place. Erben G. Porter, the perpetrator of this horrible deed, and his family, consisting of, wife and two little daughters, aged three and one years, resided in the same house with his father-in-law, Mr. Henry F. Flickinger. At the time the murder was committed, Mrs. Porter and her three brothers, Jacob, John, and Solomon, and her sister Lydia, were in the house, and all except Mrs. Porter, were engaged in cracking walnuts. Erben Porter, after going upstairs and putting on three shirts, came down with a hatchet and seated himself with the other members of the family, and commenced cracking and eating the nuts, showing nothing unusual in his manner.

After a brief interval Mrs. Porter went upstairs to attend to some work. Porter quietly arose and went into an adjoining room, where the oldest child was playing; after closing the door he struck the child three blows with the edge of the sharp hatchet, cutting a terrible gash at each stroke on the top of the head, either of which would have produced almost instant death. He then opened the door and called his wife from the room in which the other members of the family were seated, and seized his youngest child, dragged it into the room, and struck it two blows on top of the head, burying the hatchet deep into the brain at each stroke. He then walked into an adjoining room and threw the bloody hatchet, with pieces of skull and brains that a wood-box, put on his hat, and started out of the house, passing, as he did so, his wife, who, on hearing the first child utter a pitiful cry as he struck it the first blow, had come downstairs to see what was wrong.

On seeing her husband throw down the hatchet, she asked him what he had done. His answer was that he had done what he ought to have done before, and he could not help it. She hurried to the room where the dead had been committed, and seeing her children lying in their own blood, ran out to the road and gave the alarm to the neighbors, several of whom lived near, and were on hand in a few minutes.

Porter, after leaving the house, made his way at a rapid rate direct to this place, and thence to Leetonia. He was followed to this place by one of his neighbors. Dispatches were sent in all directions, and a large number of officers started in pursuit of him. Immediately on the receipt of the dispatch at Leetonia, it was placed in Marshal Rollin's hands, who, in about twenty minutes, saw Porter crossing the railroad track, and started after him. On approaching him Porter turned round and gave himself up, admitting that he had committed the deed, and asked the officer to protect him from those who were in pursuit of him.

The Marshal brought the prisoner to this place on the 9:55 P. M. train, and he was immediately arraigned before Josiah Rohrbaugh, Esq., for a hearing, when he plead not guilty to the charge of willful murder. After hearing the testimony in the case, the Justice committed him for trial at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas, and sent him, under a strong escort, to New-Lisbon.

The Jacobs Jury impaneled a jury and proceeded to the house where the dead had been conveyed, to hold an inquest. When the following facts were elicited:

Mrs. Porter sworn, and deposed as follows: "I am the wife of Erbor G. Porter; saw Porter on certain occasions during the morning; at one time I saw him strike; he asked me if he could get into my chest; I said he could by removing some things; he did so, and opened the chest and took out his hatchet; I went down stairs, and in a short time returned upstairs to make the beds; Porter was standing at the window; he made no demonstrations and did not have the hatchet; the next time I went up he had the hatchet under his clothes; in a short time I heard Minnie utter a pitiful cry; started down stairs to see what was the matter; met Porter coming out of the room with the hatchet, which he threw into the wood-box; I said: 'Erb., what have you done?' He answered: 'I have done what I ought to have done and could not help it.' I opened the door and saw my children lying on the floor dead; I ran out of the house and gave the alarm to the neighbors; did not know what I was doing; Porter was always kind to his children; he was kind to me; he has been out of work for some time; he has been complaining of his head; he has been drinking some; he has been drinking more than usual for the last two weeks; he has been drinking whisky; he has been drinking more than usual for the last two weeks; he has been drinking whisky; he has been drinking more than usual for the last two weeks; he has been drinking whisky

THE NEW YORK TIMES
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FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Rates at the Stock Exchange—DEC. 14.

BANK PRICES 1 TO 2 P. M.

[illegible]					
100	90	90	90	90	90
100	90	90	90	90	90
100	90	90	90	90	90

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The New York Public Library

Opening Day Ceremonies.

Addresses by Mayor Gaynor, Dr. Billings, Dr. Putnam and Others.

Many Distinguished Guests Present.

Building Formally Turned Over to the Trustees.

Public Welcomed To-Day and Every Day Hereafter.

The New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox and Tilden foundations, was formally opened to the public yesterday afternoon with ceremonies in the great hall of the main building, at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street. Addresses were made by Mayor Gaynor, Dr. John Shaw Billings, Dr. Herbert Putnam, Librarian of Congress, and Dr. Frederick Barnard, President of Columbia University, representing the Board of Trustees. Many distinguished guests were present, including Governor Hughes, Justice Lehman, Justice Greenbaum, Justice Seabury, Justice Scott, Justice Page, Justice Miller, Justice Dowling, Justice Guy, Justice Hotchkiss, Justice Gerard, Justice Bischoff, Justice Crane, Justice Thomas, Justice Hendrick, Justice Mills, Justice Rich, Justice Kelby, Justice Blanchard, Justice Clarke, Justice Ingraham, Justice Dugro, Justice Leventritt, Justice Amend, Justice Finch, Justice Wagner, Justice Giegerich, Justice Erlanger, Justice Lambert

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange, on Saturday, Dec. 14, Rich'd V. Conty, as an adjourned Supreme Court sale, in foreclosure, under the direction of G. Irving Whitehead, Esq., referee, disposed of the premises known as No. 39 Fifth-avenue, west side, 125 feet north of Twenty-third-street, embracing a lot 25x74 by 100, with a three-story and basement brick tenement house upon the Trust thereof, and a three-story brick tenement house in rear, for $75,000, purchased by Leopold Bolzin, the holder of a second mortgage thereon, which property was sold subject to the first mortgage of $40,000.

The final sale in pursuance of James M. Miller et al. against Jas. Terry sixth house Forty-third and Forty-fourth Streets, respectively, 8th Ave. and Fourth-avenue, heretofore reported sold, was adjourned from Dec. 7 to Dec. 14, and again postponed to the 21st inst. [If information is desired as to the reason for the postponement of this sale, application should be addressed to the Trust Co., 120 Broadway.]

Sale adjourned to Dec. 21.

By order of Supreme Court, Chambers, Special Term, Part 2, Hon. Judge Barnard, Referee Wm. H. Arthur, Esq., 2 Nassau-st., Room 3, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange, on Saturday, Dec. 21, at 12 o'clock noon, the following described real estate, viz.:

FIRST AVENUE.—The plot of land situate on the south-west corner of 1st-st. and 202d-st.

Dimensions of property above.—Sixty per cent may remain on bond and mortgage, with privilege of paying off on sixty days' notice.

Maps at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 7 Pine-st.

LOSS PRINT WORKS IN BANKRUPTCY.—Assignee's sale at public auction.—Pursuant to a decree of the District Court of the United States for the District of New-Jersey, the undersigned will sell, at public auction, without reserve, to the highest bidder, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of November, 1872, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the premises, in Kearny, Hudson County, N. J., the manufacturing property, known as "The Lodi Print Works," comprising all the real estate, fixtures, fixed machinery, water rights, &c., belonging to the Company, unless previously disposed of at private sale.

Terms may be known on application to the undersigned, or to Nathan Bonaffe, Esq., Counsel.

NATHAN BONAFFE,
Assignee in bankruptcy of the Lodi Print Works. No. 23 Leonard-st., New-York City.

The foregoing sale is adjourned, by order of the Court, to Dec. 19, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the same place.

NATHAN BONAFFE,
Assignee Lodi Print Works.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

UNFURNISHED.

HOUSES TO LET—No. 9, 20th-st., $2,100
No. 110, 23d-st., $2,400, North side 4th-av.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET

TIMES BUILDING.
SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THIS FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

TO LET.

AN OLD-ESTABLISHED TEA STORE.
Nos. 32, 34 and 36 Vesey-st., corner of Church, now occupied by the United States Express Company. Possession on the 1st February next. Apply to J. & J. W. MEEKS, No. 30 Vesey-st., Room No. 2.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—The stores, 7 and 9 Bleecker-st., each six stories and basement, with all the latest improvements; also, the house, No. 793 3d-av., between 47th and 48th sts. Apply to JACOB WEEKS, No. 813 Bowery.

INSURANCE.

THE HOPE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, NO. 344 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
BY UNANIMOUS ACTION, at a meeting of the BOARD of DIRECTORS, held on the 5th inst., JOHN MESSERVEAU, Esq., was elected PRESIDENT; WILLIAM BOWEN, Esq., re-elected; ISAAC D. ODLE, Esq., re-elected, VICE-PRESIDENT; and LOUIS P. BAYARD was appointed SECRETARY.
DEC. 5, 1872. LOUIS P. BAYARD, Secretary.

TO STOCKHOLDERS OF HOFFMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. 160 Broadway, New-York, Dec. 13, 1872.—In pursuance of a requisition from the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New-York, dated Dec. 11, 1872, the stockholders of the Hoffman Fire Insurance Company, of the City of New-York, are required to pay the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, ($100,000) in cash, or 10 per cent on the capital stock, at the office of said Company, No. 160 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of January, 1873, to make good the deficiency of the capital stock. Any failure to pay the said dividend, at or before the time above named, will cause your stock will be reduced fifty per cent of its par value.

MARCUS T. HODGES,
President.
OLIVER S. SMALE,
Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
In accordance with a requisition of the Acting Superintendent of the Insurance Department, dated Albany, Nov. 21, 1872, the stockholders of the New-York Central Fire Insurance Company are required to pay, at the office of the Company, No. 1 Pine-st., New-York City, on or before the 20th day of December, 1872, an assessment of forty per cent on the capital stock of the Company.

Dated New-York, Nov. 25, 1872.
RICHARD T. FRANKLIN, President.
JOHN W. SIMONSON, Secretary.

FIRE. BOSTON. FIRE.
Any information regarding STANDING of INSURANCE COMPANIES deservedly furnished, and POLICIES of Companies RUINED by the late FIRE REPLACED WITHOUT CHARGE in SOUND SAFE COMPANIES by
E. DUNCAN SNIFFEN,
No. 1 Pine-st., basement.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN DESIRING a healthier Winter climate than this wolle consume studies, will be received into the family of a College Professor residing above the Highlands. Liberal compensation expected.
HERBERT, Hoffman House.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, two sittings in Dr. Hall's church, 19th-st. and 5th-av., or vicinity. Address "NEW-HOLLAND," 6th Ave. and Times Office.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

READY WEDNESDAY, Dec. 18.

ALICE AND PHOEBE CARY.

A Memoir
of
ALICE AND PHOEBE CARY.
With some of their Poems.
By Mary Clemmer Ames.
Illustrated by fine portraits on steel. In one volume, 12mo, uniform with Gail Hamilton's Life and Letters of Mrs. Dodge. Price $2.

MRS. AMES has written a brilliant book. Her account of the sisters is full of points and interest, and her pictures of literary society in New-York most fresh and living. Dallied Rose every of the tomb of her pen.

Also on hand, fresh supplies of the
POPULAR POEMS OF THE SISTERS.
ALICE CARY'S BALLADS, LYRICS, AND HYMNS, beautifully illustrated. Popular Edition. In cloth, $2 25; in cloth gilt, $3.
PHOEBE CARY'S POEMS OF FAITH, HOPE, AND LOVE. In one volume 18mo, uniform in cloth, $1 25; in cloth gilt, $2.

NOW READY PUBLISHED.

MRS. RICHARDSON'S SONGS FROM THE OLD DRAMATISTS. Illustrated by John La Farge and Sidney L. Smith. 1 vol. small 4to, $5.
** An exquisite book.

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** A real contribution to literature.

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** A vigorous polemic.

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JOSEPH MAZZINI. His Life, Writings, and Political Principles; chiefly from Autobiographic sources. With Portrait. 1 vol. crown 8vo, $2 25.
** The only complete record of this wonderful man.

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** Delightful sketches of Keble, Coleridge, and Wordsworth.

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** Admirable at presenting Maurice's tone.

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"Magnificence of engravings can alone be comprehended by those who have seen them." "Recently in method most wonderful." "Show the wonderful genius of the artist." "Art stamps its highest seal upon Doré." His conception of men and things is grand, and his productions are beyond all praise." "Not only original, but original to carry upon its the impress of the artist's genius." "Surpassing evidence of his eminent, loving determination to put forth all his power, and to guide it with all his care." "In the whole history of ancient or modern art it seems impossible to find a parallel for its extraordinary mental fecundity and fertility of invention." "Sublime, sublime!" "The most astonishing mastery pictures that ever emanated from the mind of man, and surpass everything in artistic illustration that has ever appeared."

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The Doré Bible, 2 Volumes.
Best morocco antique.....$100
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Best morocco antique.....$75
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Bound in cloth.....$7
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Bound in cloth.....$11
Half morocco.....3
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Bound in cloth.....$11
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Bound in cloth, gilt.....$10

Selections from Hood.
Bound in cloth, gilt.....$10

CASSELL, PETTER & GALPIN,
No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

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THE WORLD-FAIRY. From the German of Leo. Price 50 cents. Author of "The Layman's Brewery." By Rev. CHARLES T. BROOKS. One elegant vol. Cloth. Gilt. Price $2 50.
The numerous admirers of that admirable volume, "The Brewery," will be delighted to secure this companion volume, which makes a very appropriate Holiday Gift.
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A very interesting, neat pocket and readable volume of stories by the most popular story-teller of the day.

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HANCE, HERWIN & CO.
Will sell at auction, at their Sales-rooms, Nos. 64 and 66 Beekman-st., every Tuesday, commencing at 4 o'clock each day.
WEDNESDAY, DEC. 18, AT 10 A. M.
FRIDAY, DEC. 13, AND 20, 1872, afternoon and evening, commencing at 4 o'clock each day, the stock of Mr. Chas. D. Fosse, No. 439 Broadway.
Comprising an attractive assortment of
STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
BIBLES, PRAYER-BOOKS, ALBUMS, &c.
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED WORKS,
ALLEGUIRABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
N. B.—The fancy goods and stationery of Mr. Jones will be sold FRIDAY afternoon and evening, Dec. 20.

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IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums. Interest commences from first January, April, July, and October. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
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GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK.
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
ASSETS.....$3,324,568 94
Present rate of Interest 5% per Cent.
Interest compounded twice each year, viz., on the first days of January and July.
Interest computed from the first of each month on sums deposited not later than the third day of that month.
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Nos. 20 and 22 CHATHAM-ST., corner of Leonard-st. Six per cent interest allowed on deposits.
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DEPOSIT TODAY in the SAVINGS BANK of Charleston, S. C. Interest thereon will be sent for collection. No. 102 Bleecker-st.
ASSETS OVER $4,000,000.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

SPECIAL SALE OF KID GLOVES.

1,000 Dozens one-button at 55 cents, fine colors.
1,000 Dozens Perinot at $1 pair. Clearing out.
1,600 Dozens 2-Buttons at 75 cents, $1, and $1 25.

GENTLEMEN'S.

250 Dozens Colored, Black and White, at $1 pair.
500 Dozens Colored, Black and White, at $1 25 pair.
500 Dozens Albert Stitch, Black and White, at $1 50 pair.
500 Dozens Fine Quality Edwards, at $1 50 pair.
Every pair Warranted.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,

NOS. 309, 311, 311 1-2 GRAND, 62, 64, 66, 68, AND 70 ALLEN-ST.,
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

SANTA CLAUS,
MERRY CHRISTMAS,
AT THE GREAT EAST-SIDE ESTABLISHMENT.

E. RIDLEY & SON,

GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.

HOLIDAY GOODS,
Imported expressly for the holiday trade, French, Swiss, and German toys.
Ministure Ladies and Gentlemen who play on musical instruments, walk, jump, dance, kiss, and cry.
Clowns who turn little darkeys over their heads.
Old Ladies who bow most profoundly and come up rosy-cheeked and Fair Young Maidens.
Hand-organs, Musical Instruments, Carpenter's Tools, Furniture, Beds, Horses, Carriages, Carts, Implements for Gardening, Carved Goods.
REAL SINGING BIRDS,
French, Swiss, and Domestic Willow-ware, and ten thousand other curiosities, to which Santa Claus invites his friends.

Edw'd Ridley & Son

Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand, Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

Holiday Fancy Boxes,
Imported for Sabbath-schools,
A specialty.
Liberal discount to
Sabbath-schools and Fairs.

Edw'd Ridley & Son

Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand, Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

HOLIDAY GOODS

LARGEST DISPLAY IN THIS CITY OF
DOLLS, DOLLS, DOLLS.
A SEPARATE DEPARTMENT
ON THE SECOND FLOOR
AT

E. Ridley's & Son,

GRAND STREET, NEW-YORK.

MERRY CHRISTMAS.

The Winter advances, so merry and cold,
And Christmas is coming, I know,
I can hear old Santa Claus sumbing his feet,
In caudour of ashes and snow.
He is thinking he has beautiful stock of toys,
From the banks of the Rhine and the Rhone,
And at Ridley's, on Grand and Allen streets,
The whole load is overthrown.

Walk in! Here are ribbons and feathers and flowers,
Trimmings of every kind,
Neck-ties and notions and worsted goods,
And corsets to shape your mind.
Laces and handkerchiefs daintily white,
And a counter devoted to gloves,
Of every color and every size,
Which the ladies denominate "loves."

Down-stairs—this surely is fairy land,
Toys, and toys, and toys,
And millions and millions of pretty things
For pleasing the girls and boys.
Upon a thousand counters and of customers, there
See every kind of a doll,
Lying in cases, fast asleep,
But ready to wake at a call.

See little babies, dimpled and fair,
Darkey boys, jolly and fat,
Ladies in flounces and crinolines,
Brave men with mittens and hats.
Remember the little ones waiting at home,
Awaiting the news—Santa's white,
And remember the tears at Ridley's were made
That keeping their dear eyes bright.

Edw'd Ridley & Son

Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st., Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

RICHARD BROWN,

NO. 210 BROADWAY, COR. 29TH-ST.,
HAS IN LARGE ASSORTMENT,
DOLLS' SETS, REAL LACES,
EMB'D HANDK'FS, KNIT'N LACES,
for the
HOLIDAY TRADE
at
UNUSUALLY
LOW PRICES.

MILLER & GRANT,

NO. 979 BROADWAY, ARE OFFERING
NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS,
VIZ.
VAL. CAPES, COLLARETTES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
POINT ALGUILLE AND POINT APPLIQUE,
BARBES, COIFFURES, SHAWLS,
BLACK THREAD POINTS, FLOUNCES, VEILS,
FRENCH EMBROIDERIES, FANS, FAN COVERS, SASHES, BOWS, SCARFS, CUFFS, CAPS, &c.,
NEW
AND UNSURPASSED IN STYLE AND
AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

BOYS AND GIRLS.

SANTA CLAUS has just arrived with all the New York Dolls, Novelties, Assortment of every description, and makes his Headquarters at our store.

R. H. MACY & CO.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A. KLAESS, STEAM MARBLE MANTEL and Slating Works, Nos. 126 and 128 East 26th-st. Mantels and Furniture, Slate Slabs, marble counters, monuments, at prices to suit the times. Marble turning for the trade.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, RICH and elegant designs; also work of every description; marble and wood mantels. T. S. STEWART & CO., No. 29 and 32 West 23d-st., near 5th-av.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

Santa Claus

AND

Will continue their great
Sale of

Toys,

DOLLS,

AND

HOLIDAY FANCY GOODS
UNTIL

CHRISTMAS.

Acknowledged by
everybody to be the
Largest and Finest Exhibition of
HOLIDAY GOODS
ever seen in this
country.

R. H. MACY & CO.,
FOURTEENTH-ST. AND SIXTH-AV.

AT KINZEY'S.

LARGEST AND BEST
ASSORTMENT OF TOYS,
DOLLS, AND HOLIDAY
GOODS IN AMERICA.

Open Every Evening
UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

CHEAPEST DOLLS IN THE CITY.
WAX CRYING-DOLLS, 6c. to $1.
WAX DOLLS, 24 inches high, 25c. to $10.
WAX SPEAKING-DOLLS, 25c. up.
PARIAN AND CHINA DOLLS, 6c. up.
WORK-BOXES, 12c. to $15.
GIRLS' SATCHELS, 25c. to $2 50.
WRITING-DESKS, 25c. to $6.
DRESSING-CASES, 25c. to $12.
FANCY BOXES, 1c. to $5.
BOHEMIAN VASES, 10c. to $5.
PARIAN STATUETTES, 25c. to $4 50.
BOUQUET-HOLDERS, 25c. to $1.
JEWEL CASKETS, 10c. to $5.
FINE ALBUMS, 25c. to $5.
CHINA TEA SETS, 10c. to $5.
KITCHEN SETS, 25c. to $2.
FURNITURE SETS, 25c. to $4 50.
DINNER SETS, 25c. to $2.
CIGAR STANDS, 50c. to $5.
ASH RECEIVERS, 25c. up.
INKSTANDS, 25c. up.
WATCH-STANDS, 25c. up.
PERFUME CASKETS, 75c. up.
EATING SHEEP.
CROWING ROOSTERS.
BARKING DOGS.
QUACKING DUCKS.
TALKING BABIES.

GROCERY STORES.
LIVERY STABLES.
SHEEP FOLDS.
WAREHOUSES.
DOLLS' HOUSES.
CHINA CUP AND SAUCER, 10c. up.
CHINA MUGS, 10c. up.
CHINA VASES, 5c. up.
CHINA ORNAMENTS, 5c. up.
CHINA DOLLS, 10c. up.
BOXES OF MENAGERIES, 25c. up.
BOXES OF RAILROADS, 25c. up.
BOXES OF ANIMALS, 25c. up.
BOXES OF TOOLS, 25c. up.
BOXES OF SOLDIERS, 25c. up.
BOXES OF PAINTS, 10c. up.
BOXES OF BUILDING BLOCKS, 25c. up.
BOXES OF PUZZLES, 25c. up.
BOXES OF PICTURE PUZZLES, 25c. up.
BOXES OF FURNITURE, 25c. up.
DRUMS, GUNS, SWORDS,
WHIPS, CANES, HOOPS,
LIONS, CATS, DANCERS,
DUCKS, FISH, PIANOS,
BEARS, DEERS, RABBITS,
MAGIC LANTERNS, with a VARIETY OF GLASS VIEWS, 50c. to $5.
TOILET SETS OF THREE PIECES, 75c. to $5.
BOXES OF MAGNETIC TOYS, GREAT VARIETY, 25c. to $2 50.
PICTURE PUZZLE BLOCKS,
MAKING CAN PICTURES, 25c. to $1 50.
A CHOICE LOT OF CHRISTMAS TREE ARTICLES FOR SUNDAY-SCHOOLS AND FAIRS.
CARVED WOOD GOODS CHEAP.
SHELL GOODS, GREAT VARIETY.
AT KINZEY'S.
LARGE VARIETY OF PORTE-MONNAIES AND BAGS, 10c. to $5.
AT KINZEY'S.
JEWELRY, BRACELETS, LOCKETS, CHAINS, SETS, PINS, EAR-RINGS, VERY LOW.
AT KINZEY'S.
KID GLOVES, 25c., 50c., 75c., 87c., up.
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, CHEAP.
AT KINZEY'S.
RIBBONS CLOSING OUT CHEAP.
SASHES AND SASH RIBBONS.
AT KINZEY'S.
TRIMMINGS AND VELVETS, CHEAP.
VELVETEENS AND SILKS, CHEAP.
AT KINZEY'S.
5,000 LACE, LINEN, AND EMBROIDERED SETS, 25c., 31c., 50c., 75c., up to $4 50.
AT KINZEY'S.
1,200 LACE, LINEN, AND EMBROIDERED COLLARS, 6c., 10c., 14c., 19c., 25c., 31c. up.
AT KINZEY'S.
1,200 YARDS REAL AND IMITATION LACES, from 1c. to $4 50 yard.
AT KINZEY'S.
10,000 SILK TIES AND SCARFS, OF EVERY STYLE, from 10c. to $2.
AT KINZEY'S.
LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS, LACE, RED STITCH.
EMBROIDERED, AND INITIALS, 5c. to $25.
AT KINZEY'S.
GENTS' HANDKERCHIEFS, HEMMED, HEMSTITCH, AND INITIALS, 10c. to $2.
AT KINZEY'S.
LOTS OF EMBROIDERED LACES AND LACE GOODS, CLOSING OUT CHEAP.
AT KINZEY'S.
UNTIL CHRISTMAS, STORE
OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL 10.
THE ENTIRE UPPER PART OF THE BUILDING IS DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO TOY AND HOLIDAY GOODS THAT CANNOT BE DUPLICATED IN THE CITY.
CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.
A GREAT MANY GOODS THAT
THE DOLLAR STORES HAVE MAY
BE PURCHASED OF ME FOR
5c., 10c., 25c., 75c. each.
THEN WHY PAY A DOLLAR?

WILLIAM KINZEY,
No. 691 Broadway,
BETWEEN ASTOR AND 4TH STS.

OPEN EVENINGS.

SANTA CLAUS
HAS GIVEN SPECIAL DIRECTIONS THAT OUR ESTABLISHMENT WILL REMAIN OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL
CHRISTMAS
FOR THE SPECIAL BENEFIT OF HIS NUMEROUS PATRONS.

R. H. MACY & CO.,
14th-st. and 6th-av.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

CHRISTMAS WEEK!

LORD & TAYLOR

Have decided to offer during HOLIDAY WEEK the following GOODS as desirable and suitable for the HOLIDAY TRADE, and peculiarly adapted for HOLIDAY PRESENTS:

SILKS.—Full lines of EVENING SILKS, comprising the most delicate, desirable, and fashionable shades and tints offered by any house in this City. Also, STREET and DRESS SILKS, in great variety, and at very reasonable prices. Also, Silk Remnants at less than half cost. A Silk Dress is an appropriate Holiday gift.

COSTUMES.—The great reduction of prices in this Department will afford unusual opportunities to secure handsome presents in Costumes, Reception Dresses, Walking Suits, Robes de Chambre, and richly-quilted Skirts, at a comparatively small outlay. Either of these articles would be a remembrance highly appreciated by its recipient.

CLOAKS and SHAWLS.—Our assortment of CAPES, SACQUES, BASQUES, and CLOAKS is large and handsome, offering in Velvets, Beaver, and other cloths, richly-trimmed and embroidered garments, suitable and seasonable for the Holidays. Also, India, Ottoman, Paisley, and other Shawls, at very reasonable prices.

DRESS GOODS.—Lines of DRESS GOODS, in all the FASHIONABLE SHADES and TINTS of OLIVE and PEACOCK GREENS, are offered at reduced prices, and, DRESS PATTERNS will be sold during the week at figures so low as to enable all to avail themselves of the great advantages here offered. Also LACE GOODS for the Holidays.

FURS and FUR SETS.—Handsome Christmas gifts in Sable, Mink, Ermine, Astrakhan, and Squirrel, and other Furs. Also, very handsome

SEALSKIN SACQUES, JACKETS, AND SETS.

VELVETS.—SILKS and CLOAKING VELVETS will be sold until Jan. 1, at prices so greatly reduced as to merit the attention of purchasers.

BOYS' SUITS.—In this Department, to which great attention has been given, will be found Boys' Cassimere Suits, for school wear, from $6 to $10, and suits consisting of Coat, Pants, and Vest, from $10 to $18. Also, Novelties in Dress Suits, Overcoats, and Skating Jackets, not found elsewhere.

UPHOLSTERY.—Damask and Lace Curtains, Reps, Brocatelles, Satins, Tapestries, Cretonnes, Chintzes, Lambrequins, &c., Pier and Mantel Mirrors, Mirrors with connecting Cornices, Cornices Shades, &c.

GENTS' FURNISHING.—DRESSING GOWNS, SMOKING JACKETS and CAPS, SCARFS, TIES, UMBRELLAS, GLOVES, and other articles for gentlemen, suitable for the Holidays, to which the attention of ladies is invited.

GLOVES.—TREFOUSSE, DESPRES, and DENT GLOVES, in assorted shades and colors, put up in quantities to suit the purchaser.

FANCY GOODS.—A large and carefully-selected assortment of Fancy Articles, Fancy Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Glove Boxes, Ornaments, Card Receivers, Inkstands, in bronze, and other materials, bronze Ornaments, Dressing Cases, Perfumery, Perfume Packages and Boxes, Toilet and other sets, and small wares of every description, all exceedingly appropriate for Holiday presents.

LORD & TAYLOR,

BROADWAY, CORNER TWENTIETH-ST.
GRAND-ST., CORNER CHRYSTIE.

R. H. MACY & CO.

Fine Holiday Goods,

OPERA GLASSES.
PARIS AND VIENNA FANS.
Vienna Bronzes and Fancy Leather Goods.
Bohemian Glass, Parian and Porcelain Vases and Ornaments.
French Bronzes by all the celebrated artists.
Composition Bronzes in great variety.
Gold and Silver Jewelry and Ornaments of every description.
A full assortment of Toilet Articles.
Ivory Brushes and Combs, Buffalo and fine wood Hair Brushes.
Lubin's Extracts and Soaps, Farina Cologne, Piesse & Lubin's Extracts, in bulk, Soaps, Powders, Fancy Boxes, in Silk, Satin, and Velvet, the finest assortment in the City.
Cheap Paper Fancy Boxes, in great variety.
Holiday Books for children.
Holiday Books for grown folks.
And a very extended stock of Stationery, Stationery Articles, Initial Paper, Monogram Dies, Stamps and Presses.
A fine assortment of Silver and Plated Silver ware. We have made a specialty in fine Plated Ware for five years, and our constantly-increasing trade proves the quality we are dealing in.
Small Wares, a full assortment.
Ladies' Ties, in great variety, at very low prices.
We have a good assortment of ladies' and children's Furs, and we sell them at low prices.
A good assortment of Hosiery, and Kid Gloves.
A great variety of Knit Fancy Articles in this stock.
A large and very fashionable stock of Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, a very favorable stock.
A large and well-selected stock of Carved Goods, Brass Goods, and Bronzes, suitable for Xmas Presents; 3,000 Ornamental Shells all good shapes, and a fine assortment of Goods to keep them in.
We have a fine assortment of Ribbons, Sash Ribbons, Velvets, Velveteens, Silks, Trimmings, Feathers, Flowers, and a full line of the celebrated G. F. Bissell Velvet Ribbons; every variety Corset and Hoop Skirts, Bustles, &c.
One assortment of Laces and

Lace Articles,

Embroideries, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Linen Handkerchiefs, many of which have been selected especially for the holiday season.
Dress Trimmings, Buttons, &c., in great variety.
Our Cloak Department is in charge of Mr. Hall, late of the corner of the collection, and is conducted under the supervision of Santa Claus, who is now in full charge of his toy and doll department, and will remain so until Christmas.

R. H. MACY & CO., 14th-st. and 6th-av.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

USEFUL PRESENTS,
SPECIAL BARGAINS.

1 CASES BLACK ALPACAS, at 12½ cents, the A VERY DESIRABLE QUALITY.
BLACK SERGE DE NIMES, WORTH 40c.
FRENCH CASHMERES, MERINOS, and EMPRESS CLOTH, VELOURS, ELASTIC CLOTH.
TAMISE CLOTH, MOHAIR SUITINGS.
BENDETTA CLOTH, GRAPE CLOTH.

BLACK SILKS, &C.,

AT A GREAT REDUCTION, TO CLOSE THE SEASON OF DEPOSITIONS, FAIRS, &c.
EMBROIDERIES, CLOAKS, SHAWLS, GLOVES, SUITS.

ALASKA FURS, MUFF AND BOA, $10.
JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
NO. 79 BROADWAY.

SMITH'S PATTERN BAZAAR, No. 914 Broadway, near 20th-st., FULL LINE of Winter Styles. LAST OPENING of Fall and Winter patterns, on 5th inst., at 10 o'clock. CLOTH MODELS with each pattern. Patterns fitted to the form. Warranted perfect. COME EARLY.

SANTA CLAUS.
TOYS! DOLLS!

AT THE GREAT EAST-SIDE ESTABLISHMENT

H. RIDLEY & SON,

For the Convenience of their Customers during the Holiday Season will be open until 9 o'clock every evening for the transaction of business.

H. RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311, 311 1-2 Grand-st.; Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70 Allen-st.
Fifth Block East From the Bowery.

HOLIDAY NOTICE.

BENNETT WILLIAMS,
No. 772 Broadway.
Has everything reduced and sold off for the season.

Extraordinary Bargains.

Real Turned Laces.
Real Guipure Laces.
Real Venetian Point Laces.
Real Point and Point Applique Laces.
Real Valenciennes and Duchess Laces.
Real Point Lace Handkerchiefs.
Real Point Lace Handkerchiefs.
Collars, Sets, Barbes, Coiffures, Collarettes, Veils, Capes, Shawls, &c.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

TOYS.

MEISEL, LAMPE & CO.,
No. 99 Chambers-st., and No. 75 North-st.
IMPORTERS OF
German, French and English Toys.
Dog leave to call.

AT RETAIL.

A large and unsurpassed stock of Toys, suitable for Holiday and Tree Ornaments. Quotations made in price to Clergymen and Sunday-schools.

FRANKFIELD & CO., JEWELERS, NO. 212 BROADWAY, corner Murray, and No. 24 Park-row, offer a full and complete assortment of Diamonds, fine jewelry, fine watches, French and ancient clocks, solid silver and fine silver plated ware; also select gems in every style.

A SINGULARLY CELEBRATED WORK—Dante's Divine Comedy—republished, as this is the only work in which the original text is given, with a literal prose translation on each page. Paris, Hachette, 1870. If you want it, order it. Price, 10 francs. H. DE MOULD, No. 17 Broadway, sole agent for the United States.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL PROCURED.
For merchants, manufacturers and others. Persons with capital can learn of a profitable investment, approved opportunities. Reference—Dickinson, Burling & Co., bankers; Gen. Wm. H. Ludlow, U. S. A.; Chichester & Co., insurance agents, No. 67 Broadway, and other houses.
GERSON CARLETON & CO.
Financial Business Agents, No. 16 Broadway.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, WITH SOME capital, desires a partnership in a business with a profitable future. Address, with particulars of business and time and place for interview, 324 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

METALS.

THOMAS J. POPE & BRO.,
METALS,
No. 300 PEARL-STREET,
NEW-YORK.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.

THE QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS SAIL FROM NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR EACH WAY.

FROM NEW-YORK.
Celtia, Saturday, Dec. 21, at 7 A. M.
Algeria, Wednesday, Dec. 25, at 2 P. M.
Cuba, Saturday, Dec. 28, at 7 A. M.
Java, Wednesday, Jan. 1, at 2 P. M.
Scotia, Saturday, Jan. 4, at 7 A. M.

FROM LIVERPOOL.
Algeria, Wednesday, Dec. 18, at 2 P. M.
Java, Saturday, Dec. 21, at 7 A. M.
Cuba, Wednesday, Dec. 25, at 2 P. M.
Celtia, Saturday, Dec. 28, at 7 A. M.
Scotia, Wednesday, Jan. 1, at 2 P. M.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
From the White Star Dock, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bathrooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt.

Surgeons and Stewardesses attend these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $30, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, by Paris Exposition, Norway, Sweden, India, Japan, Australia, &c.

Drafts from $1 upward.

For further information, apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green, New-York.

J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF ANTWERP.....Saturday, Dec. 21, 9 A. M.
CITY OF LIMERICK.....Thursday, Dec. 26, 2 P. M.
CITY OF CORK.....Saturday, Dec. 28, 9 A. M.
CITY OF ——.....Thursday, Jan. 2, 2 P. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday, Jan. 4, 10 A. M.
CITY OF BERLIN.....Thursday, Jan. 9, 2 P. M.
and thence every Saturday and Thursday, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN, $75 currency, or gold, according to accommodations. Round trip tickets at reduced rates.
STEERAGE at low rates from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30 currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ANCHOR LINE.

EXPRESS PASSENGER STEAMERS SAIL FROM NEW-YORK SATURDAY FROM PIER NO. 20 NORTH RIVER.

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, &c., at moderate rates. Baggage taken as per American express, speedily, comfortably, and cheaply as by any other route in line.

From New-York. From Glasgow.
Saturday, Dec. 21...CALIFORNIA...Saturday, Jan. 11.
Saturday, Dec. 28...ANGLIA.....Saturday, Jan. 18.
Saturday, Jan. 4....VICTORIA.....Saturday, Jan. 25
Saturday, Jan. 11...EUROPA.....Saturday, Feb. 1.
Saturday, Jan. 18.....ANGLIA.....Saturday, Feb. 8.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Currency rates of passage to Liverpool, Londonderry, or Derry, by Saturday's steamers, $65 and $70; excursion tickets, $120; by other steamers, $60; steerage, $30. Certificates at low rates can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Apply at the Company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling Green.

GREAT WESTERN STEAM-SHIP LINE.

NEW-YORK TO BRISTOL, (ENG.), DIRECT.

Taking goods and passengers for London, Cardiff, Newport, Swansea and all ports in Bristol Channel.

THE STEAMERS OF THIS LINE WILL SAIL FROM ATLANTIC DOCK, BROOKLYN, AS FOLLOWS:
GREAT WESTERN, STAMPER.....Thursday, Dec. 12
ARRAGON, WESTMAS.....Saturday, Dec. 28
Other sailings.....$70 currency.
Steerage.....$30 currency.

Parties wishing to send for their friends can obtain prepaid certificates. Drafts for $1 and upward.

For freight or passage apply to P. H. MORTIMER & CO., No. 2 Bowling Green, New-York.

BELT BINNEY LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels of this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

WASHINGTON.....Rousseau.....Saturday, Dec. 14
PEREIRE.....Lacaze.....Saturday, Dec. 28

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO HAVRE OR PARIS.
First cabin.....$75 | Second cabin.....$50

These vessels carry no cattle, steerage passengers, or petroleum. Passengers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe by this line obtain the benefit of the through tickets by the English railways and the first-class hotels of Switzerland, Italy, Germany, Holland, Belgium, Spain and Portugal, at reduced rates.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
VIA QUEENSTOWN,
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY:

CITY OF BROOKLYN.....Wednesday, Dec. 18, at 8 A. M.
CITY OF PARIS.....Wednesday, Dec. 25, at 8 A. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.....Wednesday, Jan. 1, at 8 A. M.
CITY OF PARIS.....Wednesday, Jan. 8, at 8 A. M.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN, $75 currency; steerage, $30 currency.
Passengers booked to or from Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, at low rates.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp, Paris, Rotterdam, Norway, Sweden, India, Japan, Australia, China, &c.
Drafts for £1 and upward.
For freight or passage apply to JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NATIONAL LINE OF STEAM-SHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

PORTSMOUTH TO LONDON DIRECT.
Calling at Plymouth to land and receive passengers to and from Havre.

TO AND FROM NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL.
SPAIN, Grace.....Wednesday, Dec. 11, at 7 A. M.
CANADA, Wenman.....Wednesday, Dec. 18, at 2 P. M.
GREECE, Tucker.....Wednesday, Dec. 25, at 7 A. M.

TO LONDON DIRECT.
THE QUEEN, Fisher.....Thursday, Dec. 12, at 2 P. M.
ERIN, Lawton.....Saturday, Jan. 4, at 10 A. M.

THE LARGEST IN THE TRADE.

Cabin passage.....$70 and upward
Steerage passage.....$30 currency
Prepaid steerage certificates from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow, Cardiff, Bristol or Dublin.

CHEAPER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

J. W. J. HURST, Manager.

WHITE STAR LINE,

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CARRYING THE
UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS, sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

FROM NEW-YORK.
ADRIATIC.....SATURDAY, Dec. 21, at 4 P. M.
OCEANIC.....SATURDAY, Dec. 28, at 9 A. M.
BALTIC.....SATURDAY, Jan. 4, at 10 A. M.
CELTIC.....SATURDAY, Jan. 11, at 3 P. M.

FROM LIVERPOOL.
From the White Star Dock, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bathrooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt.

Surgeons and Stewardesses attend these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $30, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, by Paris Exposition, Norway, Sweden, India, Japan, Australia, &c.

Drafts from $1 upward.

For freight or passage apply to P. H. MORTIMER & CO., No. 2 Bowling Green, New-York.

INDIA LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF ANTWERP.....Saturday, Dec. 21, 9 A. M.
CITY OF LIMERICK.....Thursday, Dec. 26, 2 P. M.
CITY OF CORK.....Saturday, Dec. 28, 9 A. M.
CITY OF ——.....Thursday, Jan. 2, 2 P. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday, Jan. 4, 10 A. M.
CITY OF BERLIN.....Thursday, Jan. 9, 2 P. M.
and thence every Saturday and Thursday, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN, $75 currency, or gold, according to accommodations. Round trip tickets at reduced rates.
STEERAGE at low rates from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30 currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.
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No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ANCHOR LINE.

EXPRESS PASSENGER STEAMERS SAIL FROM NEW-YORK SATURDAY FROM PIER NO. 20 NORTH RIVER.

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, &c., at moderate rates. Baggage taken as per American express, speedily, comfortably, and cheaply as by any other route in line.

From New-York. From Glasgow.
Saturday, Dec. 21...CALIFORNIA...Saturday, Jan. 11.
Saturday, Dec. 28...ANGLIA.....Saturday, Jan. 18.
Saturday, Jan. 4....VICTORIA.....Saturday, Jan. 25
Saturday, Jan. 11...EUROPA.....Saturday, Feb. 1.
Saturday, Jan. 18.....ANGLIA.....Saturday, Feb. 8.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Currency rates of passage to Liverpool, Londonderry, or Derry, by Saturday's steamers, $65 and $70; excursion tickets, $120; by other steamers, $60; steerage, $30. Certificates at low rates can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Apply at the Company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling Green.

SHIPPING.

NEW-YORK TO CARDIFF.

The South Wales Atlantic Steamship Company's New Steamer, Capt. Pilkington, will sail Glide-Swift Steamship

GLAMORGAN.....1,500 tons
PEMBROKE.....1,500 tons
CARMARTHEN.....1,500 tons

GLAMORGAN, Capt. Leyshon,

will sail from Pennsylvania Railroad Wharf, Jersey City, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 18, at 10 A. M.

Current funds and freight at through rates from all parts of the United States and Canada to Cardiff. No bills of lading signed for any other ports.

These steam-ships, built expressly for the trade, are provided with all the latest improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers.

CABIN AND STEERAGE PASSENGERS.

Steerage passage.....$30 currency
Prepaid steerage certificates from Cardiff.....$30 currency
Drafts for £1 and upward.

For freight or passage apply to
CARR & MACKAY,
No. 11 Broadway, New-York.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE, consisting of the following first-class steamships, will sail from their pier, foot of Wall-st., East River, as follows:

MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, Thursday, Dec. 19
COLUMBIA, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, Thursday.....Dec. 26
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, Thursday, Jan. 2
and every Thursday thereafter, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., Agents,
No. 5 Bowling Green.
J. W. DIBBLE, President,
No. 5 Bowling Green.

FOR YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

The splendid first-class steam-ship built for the Japanese Government, will positively sail on SATURDAY, 21st December. For freight or passage apply to WESTRAY & GIBBS, No. 7 William-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ENGLAND. — IN CHANCERY. — WAKEFIELD. — In the matter of JOHN DAVIES and WILLIAM DAVIES, infants. — Notice is hereby made to the above-named that the 18th July, 1872, John Davies, Wakefield, the person above named, a legatee under the will of Agnes Watson, late of Brixton, in the county of Surrey, spinster, deceased, who left the sum of $500 on attaining the age of twenty-one years, viz., on the 1st of January, 1867, who left England in the ship Charles Richard in the year 1866, and whose last known place of residence was in the month of May, 1870, and subsequently resided in Mulberry-street, New-York, and all persons claiming or entitled to the said legacy or fund as the legal personal representatives of the said legatee, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to come in and prove their claims at the office of the Accountant-General of the Supreme Court of Judicature, in Chancery, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, passed in the 36th and 37th years of the reign of her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for the Better Administration of Assets in the hands of Executors and Administrators, and for the Relief of Creditors, Legatees and Next of Kin," on or before the 1st day of January, 1873, at 4 o'clock P. M., at his chambers, No. 11 Old-square, Lincoln's Inn, London, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. MONDAY, the 30th day of February, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., at his chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims. Dated this 4th day of November, 1872.

ROBERT WHARTON, Chief Clerk.

Messrs. Miller & Cowing, No. 160 Broadway, New-York, United States Solicitors for the plaintiffs in the cause.

Messrs. Salter & Cowing, No. 160 Broadway, New-York, United States Solicitors for the defendants. 26 law3w*

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—EDWARD D. DEVELIN, FREDERICK AUGUSTUS and THOMAS FOTT, plaintiffs, against ISAAC MOSES COGEL, defendant.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned to answer and complaint in this action which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the City Hall in the City of New-York, on the 6th day of December, 1872, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 52 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of twenty thousand dollars, with interest from the 1st day of December, 1872, with the costs of this action. Dated Nov. 21, 1872. ELLIS J. EDGERWAY, Plaintiffs' Attorney. 203-law6w

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY of New-York.—CHRISTOPHER WARD, plaintiff, against JASON FERRY, and CATHARINE FERRY, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not serv.)—To the defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the City Hall, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated New-York, the 25th day of November, 1872. DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, Plaintiff's Attorney, No. 57 Chambers-st.

STAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
No. 52 BROADWAY, New-York, Nov. 21, 1872.

IN PURSUANCE OF A RESOLUTION from the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New-York, dated Nov. 20, 1872, an election of the Stockholders of the Star Fire Insurance Company, for the purpose of choosing Trustees for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 52 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on Tuesday, the 31st day of December, 1872, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. At which election the Stockholders are requested to attend in person or by proxy. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th day of December, 1872, to the 31st day of December, 1872, both inclusive.

NICHOLAS C. MILLER, President.
JOHN B. FLANAGAN, Vice-President.
JAS. M. HODGES, Secretary.

STAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
No. 52 BROADWAY, New-York, Nov. 21, 1872.

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NICHOLAS C. MILLER, President.
JOHN B. FLANAGAN, Vice-President.
JAS. M. HODGES, Secretary.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

MESSRS. M. CHEVALIER & CO., GEO. MOSES & CO., No. 1,20 Broadway, corner Exchange Place, most respectfully call the attention of their patrons and the public generally to their stock of choice old Brandies, Wines and Cordials, of which were imported by our predecessors (Messrs. J. Moses & Son) some forty years ago, as the finest wines and brandies then to be had in the London market. Our stock of Champagnes is also very large, and that of the White, English, French and Domestic wines as choice. Please call and examine.

PERSONAL.

NOTICE.—WILLIAM BARMORE, WHO formerly as a farm-hand on Winfield McKee, Erie County, Penn., and of late in the employ of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company, is requested to call on the undersigned, Attorney at Law, Meadville, Penn., on or before Nov. 15, 1872. His relatives or friends can have information as to the disposition of his money, or above, by addressing to Mr. WM. MORRISON, Attorney at Law, Meadville, Penn. Direct Postmaster, Meadville, Penn., Railroad, State Penn.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.
NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN DIVISION.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
COMMENCING NOV. 18, 1872.
TRAINS LEAVE NEW-YORK.
For New-Haven, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00 (Express) A. M., 12:00 M. (Ex.), 2:00 (Ex.), 3:30, 4:30, 5:00 (Ex.), 6:00 (Ex.), 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 (Ex.) P. M.
For Bridgeport, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00 (Express) A. M., 12:00 M. (Ex.), 2:00 (Ex.), 3:30, 4:30, 5:00 (Ex.), 6:00 (Ex.), 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 (Ex.) P. M.
For Milford and Stratford, 7:00, 11:30 A. M., 5:00, (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For Westport, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00 A. M., 12:00 M. (Ex.), 2:00 (Ex.), 3:30, 4:30, 5:00 (Ex.), 6:00 (Ex.), 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 (Ex.) P. M.
For South Norwalk, 7:00, 8:30 (Ex.), 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 12:00 (Ex.), 2:00 (Ex.), 3:30, 4:30, 5:00 (Ex.), 6:00 (Ex.), 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 (Ex.) P. M.
For Greenwich and Intermediate Stations, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For Stamford, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For New-Canaan, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Darien, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For Noroton, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For Rowayton, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Saxton's River, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Six Mile Island, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Glenwood, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Sheldrake, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Silvermine, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Norwalk, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For Wilton, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Georgetown, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Redding, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Bethel, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Danbury, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Newtown, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Hawleyville, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Stepney, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Botsford, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Monroe, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Shelton, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Derby, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For Ansonia, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For Birmingham, 7:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 6:00, 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For Naugatuck, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Waterbury, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Bridgeport and Housatonic Railroad, 7:00, 8:30 A. M., 12:00 M. (Ex.), 2:00 (Ex.), 3:30, 4:30, 5:00 (Ex.), 6:00 (Ex.), 8:00 (Ex.) and 9:30 P. M.
For New-Haven and Northampton Railroad, 8:30 A. M., 3:30 P. M. to Northampton and Williamsburg.
For New-Haven, Middletown and Willimantic Railroad, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For New-Haven and Northampton Railroad, 8:30 A. M., 3:30 P. M. to Northampton and Williamsburg.
For New-Haven, Middletown and Willimantic Railroad, 8:30 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
For Air-Line Railway, at 8:30 A. M. to Norwich and Worcester, and 4:30 P. M. to Willimantic and Norwich.
For Hartford, Providence, and Fishkill Railroad, at 8:30 A. M., 12:30 P. M.
For Shore Line Railway, at 8:30 A. M. to Norwich and Worcester, and 4:30 P. M. to Willimantic and Norwich.
For Connecticut River Railroad, at 8:30 A. M., 12:30 P. M. to Greenfield; and 4:30 P. M. to Montreal and White Mountains

MORE FIRE DANGERS.

The Inflammable Condition of Washington Market.

Description of the Place and Its Neighborhood.

What Would Occur in Case a Fire Took Place at Night—The State of the Market and Vicinity—Another Needed Reform.

The TIMES has already called attention to the dangers likely to occur in case a fire should break out in certain portions of the City; but the places already referred to do not by any means include all the dangerous localities. Next to the "oil regions," Washington Market and the surrounding neighborhood may be considered quite as dangerous as any portion of New-York. A more wretched, rotten, and dirty collection it would be difficult to find in the whole civilized world. As the principal market of the great Metropolis of America, it is simply a disgrace. Nothing like it is to be met with in any other city of the Union. A single spark would set the miserable debris ablaze; and should a fire break out there at night, aided by a westerly wind, the whole Fire Department would be powerless to stop the flames from crossing the City. Washington Market, as our readers are no doubt aware, is built almost entirely of wood. Wooden buildings, of whatever nature, are always dangerous; but when the character of the business transacted in them is of a hazardous description, they become doubly so to all buildings in their vicinity. It is no news to the readers of THE TIMES to be informed that materials of a combustible nature abound to a considerable extent both within and without this market, and that the careless dropping of a match, or a lighted cigar, might be the cause of a fire which would destroy a great portion of the south-western district of the City. Fires have previously occurred in Washington Market, but fortunately they took place during the day, when they were promptly extinguished. Had they occurred at night, a different result would, no doubt, have been recorded. The only wonder is that the market has escaped so long without being burned down. There are several watchmen in charge during the night, but smoking is not prohibited, and their chief business seems to be to hunt rats out of the thousands of barrels which are strewn about in all directions.

In case of a large fire in the front portion of the market, bounded by Washington and West streets on the east and west, and by Vesey and Fulton streets on the north and south, respectively, the stores in these streets for several blocks would undoubtedly be sacrificed. The sidewalks abound with wooden stands, and from the side walls project wooden sheds, which would catch up the first flying spark, and envelope the surrounding blocks in flame. The buildings in this district would very soon succumb to a fire; they are of frail build, and nearly all old edifices, and the contents of many would only add "fuel to the fire." That portion of the market lying between the river and West-street is in no better condition. A fire there would, of course, spread to the shipping in the immediate vicinity, and thus cause immense losses. It certainly would endanger the boats in the slip at the Vesey-street side and the Hoboken ferry-house at the foot of Barclay-street. On the Dey-street side, the premises of the Anchor line, which adjoin the market, could hardly escape destruction.

The whole of the market covers an area of over three acres, in the best portion of the City, and it is a question whether it is at all profitable or creditable to our local government to retain it in its present state. If the market itself could be burnt, or rather the old timber which composes it, without inflicting any serious loss upon private individuals, many would not regret it, as there would then be a chance of erecting a market commensurate with the importance of the City, or of disposing of the property. The United States Government is, it is said, looking out for a site for the erection of a new Custom-house, and it is rumored that it is negotiating for the purchase of the Washington Market site. Should they succeed in obtaining it, the old market will cease to exist, and new buildings will take their place which will be at once a credit to the City, and at the same time enhance the value of property in the neighborhood.

The event of a fire at Washington Market is no idle fancy, for it only needs a walk through the building to convince any one of the fact that, should a body of flame attain any great dimensions and fierce headway, the firemen would be powerless to check it. The fact that all of the sidewalks surrounding the market are covered by wooden sheds or stalls, and that on the opposite side of the streets similar dangerous encroachments have been made from time to time, only prove the danger that lurks there. All of the streets surrounding or approaching the market are narrow, and contain high buildings, so that the flames, once under headway, could easily leap from side to side, and so prevent the firemen from working advantageously. The stores in the immediate neighborhood are naturally devoted to the sale of produce, and they all contain multitudes of boxes and barrels, while straw is abundant for packing purposes. In some of them stores large stocks of butter are kept constantly on hand, and would, of course, add to the fury of the fire.

It is time that the authorities looked these dangers in the face, and at once prepare for the disaster that one day or other will assuredly threaten the safety of the City. With immense stocks of inflammables stored up in all the down-town thoroughfares, with hundreds of distilleries scattered all over the City, and in the most crowded neighborhoods, the danger of a great fire occurring is very imminent. But this is not all. There are huge lumber-yards and great store-houses lying along the water fronts, and immense factories, where inflammable oils, gunpowder, and other explosive substances are converted into all kinds of uses. Although we have shown many dangers existing in our midst, we are not at the end of the list, as will be shown at an early day.

The Work of the Church Extension and Missionary Society.

A meeting in the interests of the New-York City Church Extension and Missionary Society of the M. E. Church, was held last evening in the Grand-street Church, D. W. Dugan, of St. Luke's, presiding. The meeting is one of a series now being held in the Methodist churches of the City, the object of the same being to raise the important sum of $100,000, and to collect money to promote its objects. Mr. Dugan, in some opening remarks, briefly explained the character of the Society and what it aimed to accomplish. Originally purposed, he said, simply for the erection of Sabbath-schools in the more destitute parts of the City, it now also established chapels and churches. The cardinal idea was to reach the hearts of the adult through their children. There were two Superintendents, one for the east and the other for the west side of the City, who supervised the missionary work and reported monthly. Were the late Five Points, William H. Cornell, of the Greene-street organization, died a few years ago. There were but four or five schools established. There are now fifteen churches and stations, and the property of the society is valued at about $200,000. Rev. Alexander McLean, in the course of a few remarks, referred to the free influx of foreigners to this country with ideas totally at variance with Methodism, as one proper cause of the Sabbath-desecration. The missionary efforts of the Society, people were to be taught that the Sabbath must be kept holy. Great things were to be accomplished, he said, by this Society "in the work of Christianizing the masses." Dr. Brown followed in an eloquent appeal for aid for the Society.

A special service was held in the Jane-street M. E. Church, for the purpose of furthering the objects of the Society. Rev. Wm. Ross and Mr. Applegate delivered addresses on behalf of the Society. Mr. Ross detailed the work done by the Society in the past year, and urged the necessity of increased labor by the ministers and members, as well as by the members of all Christian organizations.

Mr. Applegate pointed out the growth and efficiency of the churches and mission-houses established by the Society, and invited the co-operation of the progressive.

THE ITALIAN IMMIGRANTS.

Efforts of the Commissioners to Accommodate Them—A Visit and Meeting at Ward's Island Yesterday.

Yesterday four of the Commissioners of Emigration, Messrs. Forrest, Lynch, Connolly, and Nicholson, visited Ward's Island with a view of ascertaining the amount of accommodation available there for the reception of the Italian immigrants now lodged at Castle Garden. Mr. Forrest was present at 12 o'clock with Mr. Wellis, the Superintendent, when 200 of the inmates of the Island Institution were entering the spacious mess-rooms in the most orderly manner, where a substantial dinner was provided, and, on seeing the Italians partake freely of the soups and viands set before them, expressed his surprise as to remarkable a change in their dietary taste since their first arrival at Castle Garden, when they could not be induced to use meats of any description, bread and cheese being their favorite fare.

Mr. Wellis stated that they were now freely using the ordinary fare supplied to the institution, and had expressed their gratitude for the care and attention bestowed on them. He also expressed his entire satisfaction respecting the general conduct of the Italians since they had been placed under his control.

The Italian interpreter on the Island put several questions to a group of intelligent-looking peasants from Pellito, near Naples, who purchased their passage certificates from Messrs. Francesco Coppa & Co., of Naples, and elicited replies from them interesting. Another letter to a reader published in the TIMES. Several groups of the newly-arrived immigrants were engaged writing home to their friends in Italy. On Friday a German tailor from Harlem, employed two of the Italian immigrants of their trade, and has since expressed himself well pleased with their services. The case of those at present on the Island averages between thirty and forty, all of whom are able and willing to work. Some twenty out of the entire number are in the hospital wards, slightly ill, their indisposition being occasioned by change of food and climate. In the office of the Commissioners were shown by Mr. Wells the pocket-knives found in their possession on reaching the Island. They are of every conceivable description and pattern, and varying in size from two and a half inches in the length of blade to the size of a gardener's pruning-knife, and not unlike those used by the German peasantry, which serve them for all purposes.

Mr. Wellis has made application to the Commissioners of Police for two men to assist the two at present on duty in the Island, which he considers insufficient among so large a number of immigrants of the nationalities—English, Irish, Scotch, Welsh, Germans, Swedes, Poles, Jews, and Russian, being among those at present occupying the wards. The Commissioners reviewed several projects for the immediate accommodation of those at present detained at Castle Garden. Mr. Forrest inspected the appartments in course of erection, but certain if it could be fitted up in any part for their reception, but Mr. Wellis was of opinion it would be more economical to rent a building in some part of the City where they could be supplied with bread from the Island, having ample facilities to supply any quantity required. Nothing definite will be agreed upon until full Board in attendance on Tuesday next, when the matter will be fully taken into consideration. In the meantime proper care will be taken of those at Castle Garden, and the authorities on the Island are doing everything possible to render the helpless and destitute Italians committed to their charge as comfortable as the circumstances will permit.

ACTION OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Italian Republican Association was held last night at No. 361 Broome-street, to take some action in regard to the recent arrivals of Italian paupers. Col. Pratt occupied the chair. Mr. Tinelli spoke at length upon the influx of Italian emigration, and thought that it should be checked in some way, at least the emigration of such a class as is at present arriving on our shores. Col. Pratt, President of the Society, also delivered a lengthy address, and urged the passage of a resolution, appointing a committee of five to solicit contributions in aid of the destitute Italians, and also draft a memorial to Congress protesting against the emigration from Italy, and asking it to take measures to check it. The resolution was carried, and the following gentlemen were appointed to serve upon the Committee: Mr. Tinelli, Mr. Antonio Framaggione, Mr. La Rosa, and Mr. Calfiorita.

The Committee will meet today at Col. Pratt's saloon, to discuss the most desirable measure of soliciting aid for the Italians, and petitioning Congress to prevent immigration.

NEW-JERSEY POLITICS.

The Work for the Legislature—Speculation as to Its Officers.

The organization of the New-Jersey Legislature, and the schemes that are to be brought before that body, occupy a large share of attention in New-Jersey at present, and will continue to be the uppermost topic of conversation from this time till the meeting next month. The contest over the offices to be filled grows more animated as the time approaches, while the noiseless of bills to be introduced multiply with each day. There are questions which have exercised great influence in the State since the last meeting, which will have an important bearing upon the prospects of certain candidates for official positions. The Camden Railroad matter in particular, will, it is expected, prevent the re-election of any of the officers of last session, through which the bill passed in a most mysterious manner. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will, it is presumed, make an appearance to influence the organization down to the election of the smallest officer, since their great defeat last Winter came from neglect in this important particular. They have abundant legislation to ask for, which will make the session a lively one. It is reported that they will not at all care if the Legislature to make the lease of the united railroads valid, in spite of the low which makes it void; but Mr. Mealey of the Senate is being hotly canvassed for by the friends of leading Senators. Mr. Williams, Mr. J. W. Taylor, and Mr. Irick are most prominent.

It is said that Mr. Irick's advocates have measured eight votes, and that Mr. Taylor has six, while Mr. Williams' friends rely keenly upon the expected division in the caucus vote of the Republican members, so run in their candidate. For the Speakership of the House, the candidates are the numerous as to be named. Messrs. Farrier and Plympton, of Jersey City, and Mr. Borton, of Burlington, are often mentioned in connection with the position, but it is thought likely that the Essex County delegation will unite upon some one of their number and carry him through the caucus. The House will have over sixty contestees for a seat, which will be interesting from the circumstances under which the contest grew. The case is that of William Cassedy, of Union, against James R. Cooley, the member elect, who is alleged to have obtained his certificate through a grossly fraudulent form on the part of the Judges of Election in his district.

For the lower offices of the Senate and Assembly the contestants are swarming over the State, button-holing members and soliciting votes. It is probable that the official staff will be made up entirely of new men.

Among the bills to be presented are many of wide public interest. The Railroad and "Land Improvement" bills are an unknown country to society the most ardent advocates of internal development. From Monmouth County a bill will be presented to charter for the Freehold and Red Bank Railroad from the Highlands of Navesink to Keyport, a road that is much needed to develop that interesting region. Application is also to be made for an charter to consolidate or lease the Freehold and Jamesburg Agricultural Railroad, the Barclay-street Railroad, Camden Village Railroad, and the Squankum and Freehold Mail Company; for an act to charter a railroad from New-Brunswick to connect with some railroad in the County of Union; for authority for the Freehold and Jamesburg Agricultural Railroad to sell that part of the road which runs between Jamesburg and Monmouth Junction; for a charter for a narrow-gauge railroad from Trenton to Jersey City, with the privilege of building a branch from Newton to Camden, and to increase the capital to $10,000,000, and for a charter for a railroad running from Woodville, in Salem County, to Cape May.

There are dozens of schemes for new banking and loan associations, turnpike companies, and gas and water companies, and the Bills introduced asking for the formation of new counties are, as usual, numerous and well supported. Bills of state concern are also numerous, and of a local variety, and it is presumed that they will have no better fortune this Winter.

Fatal Kerosene Explosion.

At No. 149 Sixth-avenue, last night, a kerosene lamp exploded and set fire to the dress of Miss Mary Gastwood. The flames readily enveloped her, and when extinguished had so severely burned her that her death is momentarily expected. Mrs. Sherwood, who thirty years of age. Gov. Nelson was also severely burned about the hands and face, and Mrs. Gastwood, the young lady's mother, was finally overcome by the excitement.

POLITICAL RINGS.

An Interesting and Sensible Discourse on Political Corruption by Rev. Dr. Holmes.

"Enticements to Criminal Gains" was the subject of a discourse by Rev. Dr. Holme, last evening, at Trinity Baptist Church, Fifty-fifth-street, near Lexington-avenue. Dr. Holme took for his text Proverbs, first chapter, tenth to nineteenth verses: "My son, if sinners entice thee, consent thou not," &c. said, as the beginning of his discourse, alluded to the conspiracies, or rings, of ancient times, which were organized mainly for purposes of violence. It is evident the sacred writer had some such organization in view when he wrote the words of the text. But this is only one form of organized aggression on the rights of others. The principle that lies at the back of it is another matter, for that very voice that was heard thousands of years ago invites men now to the doors of violence, a house in our mercantile and council chambers today, and is followed by the innumerable rings and cliques of financial, business, and political circles in every town, city, and State throughout our whole country. This is, indeed, one of the crying evils of the times. It cannot be denied that this practice has vastly increased of late years; since, perhaps, the commencement of our late civil war. Probably there has never been any age or country in which mankind was witnessed so many attempts of organized lawlessness—though often under the form of law—for pecuniary gain, as the time in which we live. Rings rule not only the Stock Boards, the Gold Rooms, the corn markets, but Legislatures themselves, municipal governments, the National Congress, and, perhaps, worse than all, they have exercised a demoralizing influence in our Courts of justice. So great is the evil at this very time in this country, that it becomes an imperative duty of ministers of religion to raise their voices against it, as it was the duty of Solomon to warn the young men of the time against the enticements of the sinful. Nor should he be remembered that rings and cliques are not wholly formed out of bad men; on the contrary, there are a great many really good men who are used almost unconsciously as instruments and agents for the accomplishment of the purposes of the ring. Many men in rings are not solicited to do anything dishonest. They do honest work, and make honest money, and pretty much all you can say of them is that they are in bad company. And they are not alone ornamental figure-heads, but help to give an air of respectability to what would be otherwise a conspiracy in the most sense at the community. It is not so easy in a case like this to separate the tares from the wheat. To illustrate the point: A man, than whom no one stood higher as a business man and a philanthropist, by the means found himself one of a powerful ring. He was invited to a dinner, at which the leader worked for the City faithfully, and at ordinary prices. But, after a while, his bills were not paid; he could not get them paid; and as they became larger, his necessities increased. He was at last induced to add some to his bills, as the only way open to get his money, and they were soon settled. But he received only an honest share, the $60,000 going into the pockets of the Ring. This was his first dishonest transaction, and it was repeated until his character as an honest man was ruined. A hundred, or a thousand men, do in a ring what they would not do on their own, would think of doing as individuals. This, Dr. Holme takes to be the secret of the corruption of Ring influence. Thus, the morality of a ring, or a clique, is as a whole, very far below the average morality of the individuals who form it. So you may take a number of good men and put them into a ring, and they will do very bad things. These conspiracies are a crime against society itself; and this community, becoming conscious of having been grossly robbed, almost every man in it seems to demand justice. Yet, for all that, because the responsibility for the crime is put upon such a great number of men, it is almost impossible to punish any one of the family of felony. Even the Judiciary itself must be within the circle, co-operating in the work of robbery. Dr. Holme maintained that it is wrong for men to so associate together, because it destroys the sense of one's individual responsibility. To be one of the ring in the market-place, as in politics, is to abandon one's own hands, and to place one's self out of one's own power. Many of the operations in the stock and gold markets are the worst kind of gambling. It is said that there is honor among thieves, but these men have very little of it among the cliques of Wall-street. At the roulette and rouge et noir tables on the Continent of Europe, there is no cheating, though the bank wins; but you can't say that of gambling in stocks. And legislative rings are just as bad as any others. What is the remedy? Dr. Holme admitted that he found a difficulty here. Some cure could only come from a corruption of the blood of the system. Unless the spirits of avarice and covetousness in the individual heart could be conquered, the outward development would never be removed.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Morris Wolf, seven years old, of No. 57 Hester-street, was run over by a truck-wagon, at Allen and Hester streets, on Saturday, and died yesterday.

The Eichenkranz Vocal Society gave a dramatic entertainment at the Turn Hall, in Fourth-street, last evening, which attracted a large attendance of the friends of the organization.

A meeting of the Gas-fitters Protective Union was held yesterday at Masonic Hall, Mr. John Wetherspoon in the chair, at which some routine business referring to monetary affairs of the Union was transacted.

William Ellsworth, assilor of the schooner Fanny Crosby, was committed to the Tombs yesterday for damages from the wreck while off Governor's Island, on Friday night, with $70 belonging to the Captain, A. B. Rogers.

The New-York Maennerchor gave a musical entertainment and ball at its head-quarters, corner Third-avenue and Fifty-fifth-street, last night, the proceeds of which are to be devoted in aid of its deceased musical director.

The Beethoven Maennerchor gave a vocal and musical entertainment at its Club-house, in Fifth-street, last night, for which a rich programme of some of the best German compositions had been selected. The affair was wound up by a *soirée dansante*.

The American Geographical Society will hold their regular monthly meeting on Tuesday evening. Prof. J. T. Rothrock, M. D., who explored the region between the Fraser River and the Arctic Ocean, will read a paper giving his personal experience.

John Howcold died from hydrophobia, yesterday, in a shanty on Sixty-second-street, near the Harlem River, after four days' illness. The deceased was twenty-two years old, and a native of Germany, and was bitten in the left cheek about eighteen months ago.

At Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, before Justice Ledwith, Emma Gardner pleaded guilty to the larceny of a quantity of wearing apparel, valued at $60, the property of Bitnessia Sinclair and Eugene Arnold, residents of the same house in Bleecker-street. She was committed for trial.

Coroner Schirmer will hold the inquest on the person burned in the Fifth-avenue fire, on Wednesday of this week. The witnesses who testified before the Fire-Marshal will be examined, as well as all others who know anything of the circumstances connected with the fire. The jury have already inspected the premises.

In mentioning the awards for scroll sawing, inadvertence made at the American Institute last November, the list contained the erroneous statement that the premium had been given to the Moseley scroll pewing-machine for being the best. The fact is that the Beach machine was classified equally with the former, and shared the same award.

On Saturday another roll of Claflin's aliases, worth $50, was found in the store of Henry Alexander, No. 603 Ninth-avenue, which, as in other instances reported, he had bought for about one-third the value from one of the stock clerks of H. B. Claflin & Co.'s establishment. It now under $10,000 bail on similar charges, will be rearrested.

Dr. Pinney, who has been five times in Africa, as missionary from the Presbyterian Church, lectured at the Cooper Institute last night, to a very small audience, on the "Progress of Modern Discovery in Africa." The lecturer, which was chiefly interesting, gave a history of the geography and resources of the country as developed by the different explorers from Mungo Park down to Livingstone and Stanley.

David Geary and John McCoon, two Sixth Ward roughs, were committed, in default of $1,000 bail, as the latter, yesterday, for assaulting John Hayes, of No. 64 Pearl-street. They came "standing" at the Centre-street and Leonard streets, when Hayes made some remarks replying charges to some provocative remark they both rushed on him, and McCoon, drawing a dirk, attempted to stab him, but Hayes, throwing up his hand, received the dirk in the wrist.

Dr. Henry Greene, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was taken to the Park Hospital, on Saturday evening, in a shanty on Sixty-second-street, near the Harlem River, suffering from delirium tremens. Yesterday his case was reported by the doctors on hospital duty as having set in. He was a guest at the Brandreth House, and it would not be have been married on the 17th inst. In his pockets were found a few cents and a roll of money. His friends have been notified.

BROOKLYN.

The funeral of the late Alderman Joseph D. Walters took place yesterday from St. Paul's Church, corner of Marcy-avenue and Pacific street. The remains were interred in Greenwood Cemetery. The Board of Aldermen attended in a body. The Board of Aldermen attended in a body. The deceased was a member, passed resolutions of respect, and also followed the remains to the grave.

Yesterday a sneak-thief entered the residence of Richard Colton, No. 60 Hicks-street, and stole a quantity of clothing and money, amounting in value to $100.

On Saturday night the residence of Chas. Wells, No. 11 Stanhope-street, was entered by a sneak-thief while the family were at supper in the basement. The thief proceeded upstairs, broke open bureau-drawers containing $60, and made his escape.

Yesterday morning John Courrey, of No. 181 Hudson-avenue, went into O'Neil's liquor-shop, No. 4 Water-street, and there met a couple of strange young men, who persuaded him to take a walk around in Dock-street, where they robbed him of $20 and fled.

The remains of Franklin F. Cooke, late Past Master of Commonwealth Lodge, No. 409, F. and A. M., were interred in Green-Wood Cemetery yesterday, by the brethren of the order, in full regalia. The services took place at the Bridge-street Baptist Church.

At the corner of Fulton and Hudson-avenues, Saturday night, Peter Nolan threw a stone which struck James Haveran on the forehead, knocking him senseless and inflicting a very serious wound. The former left a chance. Nolan was arrested, and Haveran was taken home.

LONG ISLAND.

The school-teachers of the eastern part of Suffolk County will meet in Greenport on Saturday next for the formation of a teachers' association.

The contributions to the Long Island Bible Society for the past year amounted to $2,500, of which Kings County, outside of Brooklyn, contributed $700; Queens County, $1,200; Suffolk County, $900 45.

The Queens County Board of Supervisors constituted the following rates of taxation, on $100 on Friday: Long Island City, $5 30; Newtown, $3 31; Jamaica, $2 23; Flushing, $2 27; North Hempstead, $2 91; Hempstead, $2; Oyster Bay, $1 98.

Leander Wood, of Farmingdale, has been appointed mail agent on the Long Island Railroad, in place of D. Hilton Mackintosh, of Jamaica, who was recently appointed but declined the appointment.

The palace ferry-boat Garden City, owned by the East River Ferry Company, was placed on the route between James-slip, New-York, and Hunter's Point, on Saturday. She is built on the same model as the Southampton, and is valued at $100,000.

STATEN ISLAND.

The residents of the towns of Middletown and Southfield have protested against the issue of additional bonds for the work of drainage in any of the districts.

Yesterday the anniversary services were held at the Kingsley Methodist Church, Stapleton. The pastor of the church, Rev. Mr. Bowen, and Rev. Messrs. Cole and Spellmeyer officiated.

To-morrow the Village Trustees of New-Brighton will meet for the purpose of taking action in regard to the claims of the officers of the town of Castleton in the year 1867, whose places were vacated on account of malfeasance in office.

NEW-JERSEY.

Ex-Gov. Ward, member of Congress elect from Essex, has been chosen a director of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of that city.

The loss by fire and water at the fire at the Newark Spring Works (Saturday evening), will reach $3,500, instead of $1,000, as stated. The loss is covered by insurance.

Justice Sheppard, of East Newark, acting as Coroner, yesterday impaneled a jury in the case of James H. Ems, who was killed, on Saturday night, on the Pennsylvania Railroad. No blame is attached to any of the railroad employee.

The North Ward National Bank, of Newark, has been fully organized with the following-named Board of Directors: H. M. Rhoades, S. Smith, E. W. Ricker, Wm. Tritus, and Joseph Peden. H. M. Rhoades has been elected President, and George Rae Cashier.

The portrait of Washington, which the last Legislature authorized a committee to procure for the State-house at Trenton, has been brought to Trenton to be put in place. It is a copy of Stuart's portrait, four feet eleven inches high by three feet seven inches wide, and cost the State $250.

Theodore Schmidt, keeper of a lager-beer saloon, No. 26 Willow-street, Hoboken, was arrested, yesterday, for assault on Michael Kane. The parties quarrelled, Saturday, about the change of a dollar, when Schmidt dealt Kane a blow with an fist. Kane's forehead struck against the edge of the counter, causing concussion of the brain.

DIED AS THE FOOL DIETH.

A Temperance Lecture—Killed by a Quart of Rum.

CITY OF KINGSTON, N. Y., Dec. 15.—On Friday evening last four young men were drinking in a saloon at Wilbur, when one of them, named John Hurley, was challenged to drink a quart of rum. Hurley bought the rum and drank it. In a short time he was taken home by his companions, and in a few minutes he died. Coroner Stephan impaneled a jury yesterday, and an inquest was held, resulting in a verdict that Hurley came to his death by apoplexy of the heart, produced by an overdose of rum. The deceased was about twenty-one years of age, and was unmarried. The affair created considerable excitement, and the priest in the funeral sermon today severely censured the saloon-keeper where the affair took place for selling the rum to the deceased.

Personal.

State Senator W. T. Harrobin, of Bennington, Vt., is at the Westminster Hotel.

Major-Gen. W. S. Hancock; Gen. T. W. Sherman, and Capt. John S. Wharton, of the United States Army; C. D. Russell, of St. Paul, and E. B. Ward, of Detroit, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Hon. E. Washburne, of Worcester, Mass.; Gen. F. D. Sewell, and the Japanese Minister, Arinori Mori, of Washington, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

B. St. John Ackers, of London, is at the Clarendon Hotel.

Ex-Mayor Eastman, of Poughkeepsie, and Col. J. E. Van Buskirk, of Lansingburg, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Hon. B. E. Dickinson, of Binghamton, N. Y., and Judge W. J. Lowry, of Ohio, are at the Grand Central Hotel.

Prof. Tyndall, of London, is at the Brevoort House.

Gen. Alfred H. Terry, of the United States Army, is at the Bouverneur House.

Rev. Dr. Serrb, of San Francisco, and Dr. J. A. Mullen, of the United States Army, are at the Astor House.

A lunk is reported to be traveling in this country under the name of Prince W. Lunalilo, of the Hawaiian Islands. We learn that the real Prince is now in Honolulu. He has not been heard from, and has no present intention of visiting the United States or Europe.

Reader Talks With the Street Boys.

For some time past a number of prominent citizens, who take an interest in our charitable institutions, have been in the habit of meeting the homeless boys at their lodging-houses on Sunday evenings, and instructing them in religious truth. These boys never attend a regular place of worship, indeed it is doubtful if they would be admitted to many of our churches, but they take great pleasure in being present at their own services at the Rivington-street Lodging-house, last night, the reception-room was crowded with newsboys, bootblacks, peddlers, and all sorts of ragged fellows, who paid great attention to the speakers and sang beautifully. The exercises were conducted by Rev. Howard Foster, who gave a very interesting exposition of the parable of the "Prodigal Son." Mr. Howard Foster, who is a great favorite with the boys, will meet and talk with them next Sunday.

[Advertisement.]

THE NEW AND BEAUTIFUL Base for Artificial Teeth, as constructed by Dr. M. Lovett's air cells, is by far the best. Perfect fit guaranteed. Office, 849 Broadway, corner Fifteenth-st. Dr. M. LOVETT, Dentist, No. 49 West 15th-st., near Union-pl.

[Advertisement.]

HOLIDAY GIFTS.—KNOX'S stock of Fancy Furs and Winter style of Gentlemen's Hats offer a rare opportunity for selecting suitable holiday presents. Visit either of his stores, No. 212 Broadway or under the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

[Advertisement.]

Chapped hands and face skin cured by Hagan Ointment. For Sale by druggists. Manufactured by CALWELL, HAGAN & CO., New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship *Santiago de Cuba*, from Aspinwall.—From San Francisco—F. W. Harrington and servants; J. D. Crane, M. Hampleton, Rev. T. E. Sargent, C. Lawrence, Alex. Martin, W. C. Mount, M. A. Farrey, L. Childress, A. Chamberlain, Mrs. Chamberlain, E. Rabe, R. Bisson, J. A. Connolly, Dr. Malone, U. S. A.; Wm. Fernandez—M. Fernandez, C. B. Tew, R. Smith, Capt. S. W. Horton, F. S. N. Co.; J. Tenchin, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Wallace, Edward Uhl, Wm. Hamilton, Mrs. A. Gearin, H. Hamilton.

In steamship *Saxon*, from *Liverpool*.—A. Colquhoun, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Cumming, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. MacDonald, R. S. Spurgs, J. Morse, L. C. Mc-Kay, E. Odea, F. Hill, Col. C. A. Wood, W. Rivers, Mrs. Rivers, Miss Rivers, Miss Rivers, Miss